Application No.: 10/042,488

Amendment dated: June 3, 200

Reply to Office Action of May 19, 2004

Listing of Claims:

1. (original) A process for the compatibilized blending of at least one polymer for a powder

coating in a supercritical fluid comprising:

forming a homogeneous blended powder coating without fusion or curing of the polymer,

including compatibilizing the polymer with additives;

dispersing the polymer and additives in a fluid at supercritical conditions of temperature

and pressure; and

releasing the pressure of the fluid to form the blended powder coating, wherein said

compatibilizing is achieved by one of

a. preparing graft copolymers having modified functional groups and preferably an average

molecular weight of about 3,000 to about 6,000 to increase one of solubility and

miscibility in the supercritical fluid;

b. selecting a cross-linking agent to increase one of solubility and miscibility in the

supercritical fluid;

c. controlling starting particle size;

d. modifying interfacial properties to promote intraparticle fusion;

e. using selective mixing; and

f. using controlled depressurization

2. (original) A process according to claim 1 wherein said supercritical fluid is one of carbon dioxide,

ethane, ethylene, propane propylene, nitrous oxide, water and ammonia.

3. (original) A process according to claim 1, wherein the supercritical fluid is carbon dioxide at

supercritical conditions of temperature in a range above the critical temperature (31.4°C) up to about

190°C, and pressure above the critical pressure (72.9 atm).

4. (original) A process according to claim 1, wherein said additives comprise cross-linking agents,

ultraviolet absorbers, light stabilizers, hydroxyketones, flow modifiers, silicas, surfactants, pigments, and

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mixtures thereof.

5. (original) A process according to claim 1 wherein the graft copolymers contain carbonyl functional

groups to increase one of solubility and miscibility in the supercritical fluid.

6. (original) A process according to claim 1 including swelling of said blended powder coating, and

effecting a semimelt phase of blending and interparticle mass transfer.

7. (original) A process for particle size classifying a powder coating without a grinding stage in a

supercritical fluid comprising:

disposing the powder coating in the supercritical fluid; and

separating by one of decreasing the supercritical fluid power/density and decreasing the pressure

of the supercritical fluid/powder coating system, wherein said particle size is controlled by one of

a. stepwise changes in temperature and pressure of the supercritical fluid comprising;

reducing the temperature and pressure of the supercritical fluid but remaining

above the supercritical temperature and supercritical pressure;

reducing the temperature below the supercritical temperature and dropping the

pressure but remaining above the supercritical pressure;

b. passing the supercritical fluid/powder coating from the blending chamber through an

orifice into a striker chamber with a first vertical plate mounted inside the striker chamber

in front of the orifice and with a horizontal plate mounted under the vertical plate and

with a second vertical plate mounted adjacent to the horizontal plate with the supercritical

fluid/powder coating impacting on the first vertical plate then the horizontal plate and

then on the second vertical plate; and

c. changing the fluid from supercritical, to subcritical, and then to supercritical, thereby

inducing dissolution/swelling precipitation/renucleation of said powder coating.

8. (original) A process according to claim 7 wherein said supercritical fluid is one of carbon dioxide,

ethane, ethylene, propane, propylene, nitrous oxide, water and ammonia.

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9. (original) A process according to claim 7 wherein the supercritical fluid is carbon dioxide at

supercritical conditions of temperature in a range above the critical temperature (31.4°C) up to about

190°C, and pressure above the critical pressure (72.9atm).

10. (original) A process according to claim 7 wherein said disposing is dissolving said powder coatings

in fluids at supercritical conditions of temperature and pressure.

11. (original) A process according to claim 7 wherein said disposing is swelling said powder coatings in

fluids at supercritical conditions of temperature and pressure.

12. (original) A process according to claim 7 wherein said disposing is blending said powder coatings

in fluids at supercritical conditions of temperature and pressure.

13. (original) A process according to claim 7 wherein changing the fluid phase from supercritical, to

subcritical, and then to supercritical is effected by one of changing temperature at constant pressure,

changing pressure at constant temperature, and changing temperature and pressure.

14. (currently amended) A powder coating prepared by the process of encapsulating blending of at least

one polymer with additives to form a homogeneously blended powder coating without fusion or curing

of the polymers, including compatibilizing the polymers, dispersing the polymers in a fluid at supercritical

conditions of temperature and pressure without fusion or curing of the polymers, and releasing the

pressure of the fluid to form the blended powder coating claim 1.

15. (original) A powder coating of claim 14 wherein the polymer has a polydisperity of about 2 or less.

16. (original) A powder coating of claim 14 wherein said supercritical fluid is one of carbon dioxide,

ethane, ethylene, propane, propylene, nitrous oxide, water and ammonia.

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17. (original) A powder coating of claim 14 wherein the supercritical fluid is carbon dioxide at supercritical conditions of temperature in a range above the critical temperature (31.4°C) up to about 190°C, and pressure above the critical pressure (72.9atm).

18. (original) A powder coating according to claim 14, wherein said additives comprise cross-linking agents, ultraviolet absorbers, light stabilizers, hydroxyketones, flow modifiers, silicas, surfactants, pigments and mixtures thereof.